

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
26RD508	Rural Development Institution	04

Course Objectives

- To make the students learn about the institutions and organisations and their role in bringing change and development in rural areas.
- To understand the various rural development institution.

Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of this course it is intended that a student will be able to:

- Remember and understand the core concept of Panchayat Raj Institutions and summarize its functions and role towards the achievement of sustainable rural development
- Interpret the structure and functions of various governmental institutions and voluntary actions and also examine the role of banks in providing financial services, promoting entrepreneurship and supporting agriculture
- Assess and recommend community management and active participation in the process of planning, implementation and management of developmental projects to ensure inclusive and sustainable development
- Construct measures for institutional linkages for rural development by designing projects addressing the need for Readjustment of Rural Development Strategies so as to achieve maximum growth and prosperity

Unit 1 – Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRIs) (12 hrs)

Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRIs): Evolution – Structure-Functions; 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act – Devolution of Powers and Functions to PRIs, Role of Panchayati Raj Institutions in Rural Development.

Unit 2 – Institutions and Agencies of Rural Development (10 hrs)

Government institutions and Voluntary Agencies: structure, functions and role, DRDA, CAPART, NIRD, KVIC, KVK.

Unit 3 - Financial Institutions (12 hrs)

NABARD, Cooperative Institutions, Commercial banks, Regional Rural Banks(RRB), Land Development Banks, SHGs, Role Of banks in Rural development

Unit 4 – Non-Governmental Organisations and Voluntary Organisations (13 hrs)

Concept, Features, Classification, Strength and Weaknesses of NGOs and Vos. Emergence of NGOs / Voluntary Organisations in India and the current scenario. Strategies of NGOs in Rural Development: Community Management and Participation Management. Role of NGOs and VOs in Rural development.

Unit 5 - Institutional Linkages for Rural Development (13 hrs)

Institutional Linkages for Rural Development – Need for Readjustment of Rural Development Strategies – Right to Information Act and Rural Development; Community Based Organizations (CBOs): Watershed Committees-Village Forest Committees-Water Users Associates- Integration of CBOs with PRIs-Role of CBOs in Sustainable Rural Development

Reference:

- Desai, V. (2005) “Rural Development”, Himalaya Publishing House.
- Arora, R.C (1979) “ Integrated Rural Development”, New Delhi: S.Chand
- PurohitRamjiLal(2007) “Rural Development and NGO”
- Joel S.G.R Bhose(2006) “NGO and Rural Development: Theory and Practice.Concept”, Publishing company, New Delhi
- Maheswari, S.R. (1995). “Rural Development in India”, Sage: New Delhi.

COs and Bloom's Taxonomy Level (BTL) Mapping

COs and Bloom Taxonomy Mapping-26RD508		
Course Outcomes	On successful completion of this course, student will be	BTL
CO1	Remember and understand the core concept and structure of Panchayat Raj Institutions in India	K1, K2
CO2	Apply theoretical framework to address the rural developmental issues and suggest solutions and roles that different institutions can play to achieving inclusive and sustainable rural development	K3
CO3	Critically analyse the role of Banks in rural development and examine the contribution of financial institutions to overall growth and prosperity	K4
CO4	Measure the effectiveness of Community Management and Participation Management and assess the role that various organization and institution can play towards rural development	K5
CO5	Propose policy recommendations and frameworks that integrate institutional linkages to readjust rural development plans and policies	K6

BTL: K1 and K2- Remembering and Understanding, K3- Applying, K 4- Analyse, K5- Evaluate and K 6 – Create

Relationship Matrix-26RD508													
Course Outcomes	Programme Outcomes (POs)						Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)						Mean Score of COs
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	
CO1	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2.4
CO2	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	2.5
CO3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2.5
CO4	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2.5
CO5	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2.5
Total													2.48

Mean Score: 3- High, 2- Medium/Moderate, 1-Low